Revision Date 12/01/2012

Revision 2

Supersedes date 18/07/2011





# SAFETY DATA SHEET 5L SUPER PURPLE BEERLINE CLEANER

According to Regulation (EU) No 453/2010

#### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name 5L SUPER PURPLE BEERLINE CLEANER

Product No. 800-232-0004
Container size 2 x 5 litres

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Beer dispensing equipment cleaning.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier COVENTRY CHEMICALS LTD

WOODHAMS RD SISKIN DRIVE COVENTRY CV3 4FX

Tel: +44 (0) 02476639739 Fax: +44 (0) 02476639717

Email: sales@coventrychemicals.com

Contact Person For content of safety data sheet: sds@coventrychemicals.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 1865407333

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (1999/45/EEC) C;R34.

2.2. Label elements

Contains POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

Labelling



Corrosive

Risk Phrases

R34 Causes burns.

Safety Phrases

S1/2 Keep locked up and out of the reach of children.

S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek

medical advice.

S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately

(show label where possible).

S60 This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

## 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

| POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE                               |                   |                                      | 2.5-5% |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|
| CAS-No.: 1310-58-3                                | EC No.: 215-181-3 |                                      |        |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008) Acute Tox. 4 - H302 |                   | Classification (67/548/EEC)<br>C:R35 |        |
| Skin Corr. 1A - H314                              |                   | Xn;R22                               |        |

| SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, % CI ACTIVE |                   | 1-2.5%                                     |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| CAS-No.: 7681-52-9                        | EC No.: 231-668-3 | Registration Number: 01-2119488154-34-XXXX |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008)             |                   | Classification (67/548/EEC)                |
| EUH031                                    |                   | C;R34                                      |
| Skin Corr. 1B - H314                      |                   | R31                                        |
| Aquatic Acute 1 - H400                    |                   | N;R50                                      |

| POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE        |                   |                             | < 1% |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|------|
| CAS-No.: 7722-64-7            | EC No.: 231-760-3 |                             |      |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008) |                   | Classification (67/548/EEC) |      |
| Ox. Sol. 2 - H272             |                   | O;R8                        |      |
| Acute Tox. 4 - H302           |                   | Xn;R22                      |      |
| Aquatic Acute 1 - H400        |                   | N;R50/53                    |      |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410      |                   |                             |      |

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

SPEED IS ESSENTIAL. OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. Showers and eye washing equipment must be provided at handling points.

Inhalation

Remove victim immediately from source of exposure. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention. For breathing difficulties oxygen may be necessary.

Ingestion

Never give liquid to an unconscious person. Immediately rinse mouth and drink plenty of water (200-300 ml). DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash the skin immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

Eve contact

Remove victim immediately from source of exposure. Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Get medical attention immediately. Continue to rinse.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information

The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependant of the concentration and the length of exposure. Seek medical attention for all burns, regardless how minor they may seem. The casualty should be transferred to hospital as soon as possible. Inhalation.

Severe irritation in nose and throat. May cause an asthma-like shortness of breath.

Ingestion

Will Immediately cause corrosion of and damage to the gastrointestinal tract.

Skin contact

May cause serious chemical burns to the skin.

Eye contact

May cause severe inflammation, corneal ulcers and permanent impairment of vision.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Remove contaminated clothing and wash all affected areas with plenty of water. Symptomatic treatment and supportive therapy as indicated.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

This product is not flammable. Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials. Foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

Fire creates: Chlorine. Hydrogen chloride (HCl). Oxides of: Chlorine. Carbon.

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards

Contact with some metals eg. aluminium, zinc can produce flammable hydrogen.gas.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Keep run-off water out of sewers and water sources. Dike for water control.

Protective equipment for fire-figthers

Self contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow ANY environmental contamination.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

DO NOT TOUCH SPILLED MATERIAL! Stop leak if possible without risk. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Flush with plenty of water to clean spillage area.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For waste disposal, see section 13. See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Avoid forming spray/aerosol mists. Provide good ventilation. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Never add water directly to this product - may cause vigorous reaction/boiling. Always dilute by carefully pouring the product into the water. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Good personal hygiene is necessary. Wash hands and contaminated areas with water and soap before leaving the work site.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly closed original container in a well-ventilated place. Store away from: Acids.

Storage Class

Corrosive storage.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1. Control parameters

| Name                | STD | TWA - 8 Hrs |  | STEL - 15 Min |         | Notes |
|---------------------|-----|-------------|--|---------------|---------|-------|
| POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE | WEL |             |  |               | 2 mg/m3 |       |

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Ingredient Comments

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits In case of chlorine emmission, the WEL for Chlorine should be observed: Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) 0.5 ppm / 1.5 mg/m3

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Process conditions

Provide eyewash, quick drench.

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimise the risk of inhalation of vapours.

Respiratory equipment

No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. Neoprene, nitrile, polyethylene or PVC.

Eye protection

Wear tight-fitting goggles or face shield.

Other Protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.

Hygiene measures

Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly if skin becomes wet or contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.

**Environmental Exposure Controls** 

Users should be aware of environmental considerations and their duties under the environmental protection act. Further information may be found on Government websites: www.dti.gov.uk/access/index/htm and www.envirowise.gov.uk.

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid
Colour Purple.

Odour Faintly of chlorine.
Solubility Soluble in water.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Not applicable.

Melting point (°C)

Not applicable.

Relative density 1.080 TYPICALLY @ 20°C

Bulk Density
Not applicable.
Vapour density (air=1)

Not determined.
Vapour pressure
Not determined.
Evaporation rate
Not determined.
Evaporation Factor

pH-Value, Conc. Solution 13.5 TYPICALLY

Viscosity

Not determined.

Not applicable.

Solubility Value (G/100G H2O@20°C)

Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature (°C)

Not applicable.

Odour Threshold, Lower

Not applicable.

Odour Threshold, Upper

Not applicable.

Flash point (°C)

Not applicable.

Auto Ignition Temperature (°C)

Not applicable.

Explosive properties

Not applicable

Oxidising properties

Not applicable.

Comments Information given concerns the concentrated solution.

#### 9.2. Other information

Not relevant

#### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

The product reacts with water and will generate heat. The solution is strongly alkaline and reacts with strong acids with heat generation. Highly reactive with aluminium, tin, zinc and alloys of these metals producing flammable hydrogen gas.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal temperature conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Can react violently if in contact with acids and chloro-hydrocarbons. Exothermic reaction with water.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials To Avoid

Acids. Ammonia solution. Chlorinated hydrocarbons. Aluminium. Zinc.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrogen.

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information

No information available.

Other Health Effects

This substance has no evidence of carcinogenic properties.

Respiratory sensitisation

No information available.

General information

Danger of very serious irreversible effects in contact with skin, in contact with eyes and if swallowed.

Inhalation

Spray mists irritate the respiratory system, and cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. May cause damage to mucous membranes in nose, throat, lungs and bronchial system.

Ingestion

May cause burns in mucous membranes, throat, oesophagus and stomach.

Skin contact

May cause serious chemical burns to the skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact

Causes burns. Risk of corneal damage. Contact with concentrated chemical may very rapidly cause severe eye damage, possibly loss of sight.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity** 

There are no data on the ecotoxicity of this product.

## 12.1. Toxicity

Acute Fish Toxicity

Concentrations greater that 10ppm or ph value greater than 10.5 may be fatal to fish and other aquatic organisms.

Can cause damage to aquatic plants.

Can cause damage to vegetation.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Degradability

Degrades readily by reaction with the natural carbon dioxide in the air.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential

The product is not bioaccumulating.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility:

The product is water soluble and may spread in water systems.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

General information

Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Disposal to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the local Waste Disposal Authority. When handling waste, consideration should be made to the safety precautions applying to handling of the product.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Dispose of via an authorised and appropriately licensed waste contractor. Packaging is recyclable. Wash out containers with water before disposal.

Waste Class

EWC Code: 06 02 04

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN) 1814 UN No. (IMDG) 1814 UN No. (ICAO) 1814

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE, SOLUTION

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN Class 8

ADR/RID/ADN Class Class 8: Corrosive substances.

ADR Label No. 8
IMDG Class 8
ICAO Class/Division 8

Transport Labels



# 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN Packing group II
IMDG Packing group II
ICAO Packing group II

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant

No.

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

EMS F-A, S-B

Emergency Action Code 2R
Hazard No. (ADR) 80
Tunnel Restriction Code (E)

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Uk Regulatory References

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (S.I 2002 No. 2677) with amendments.

**Environmental Listing** 

Environmental Protection Act 1990. The Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005.

Statutory Instruments

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (S.I 2009 No. 716). Control of Substances Hazardous to Health.

Approved Code Of Practice

Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations. Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply.

**Guidance Notes** 

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40. CHIP for everyone HSG(108). Technical Guidance WM2: Hazardous Waste.

**EU** Legislation

Waste Material Code 91/689/EEC

## 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Currently we do not have information from our suppliers about this.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

**EWC European Waste Catalogue** 

General information

Only trained personnel should use this material.

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Risk Phrases In Full

R34 Causes burns.

R35 Causes severe burns.

R31 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

R8 Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R50 Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Hazard Statements In Full

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.